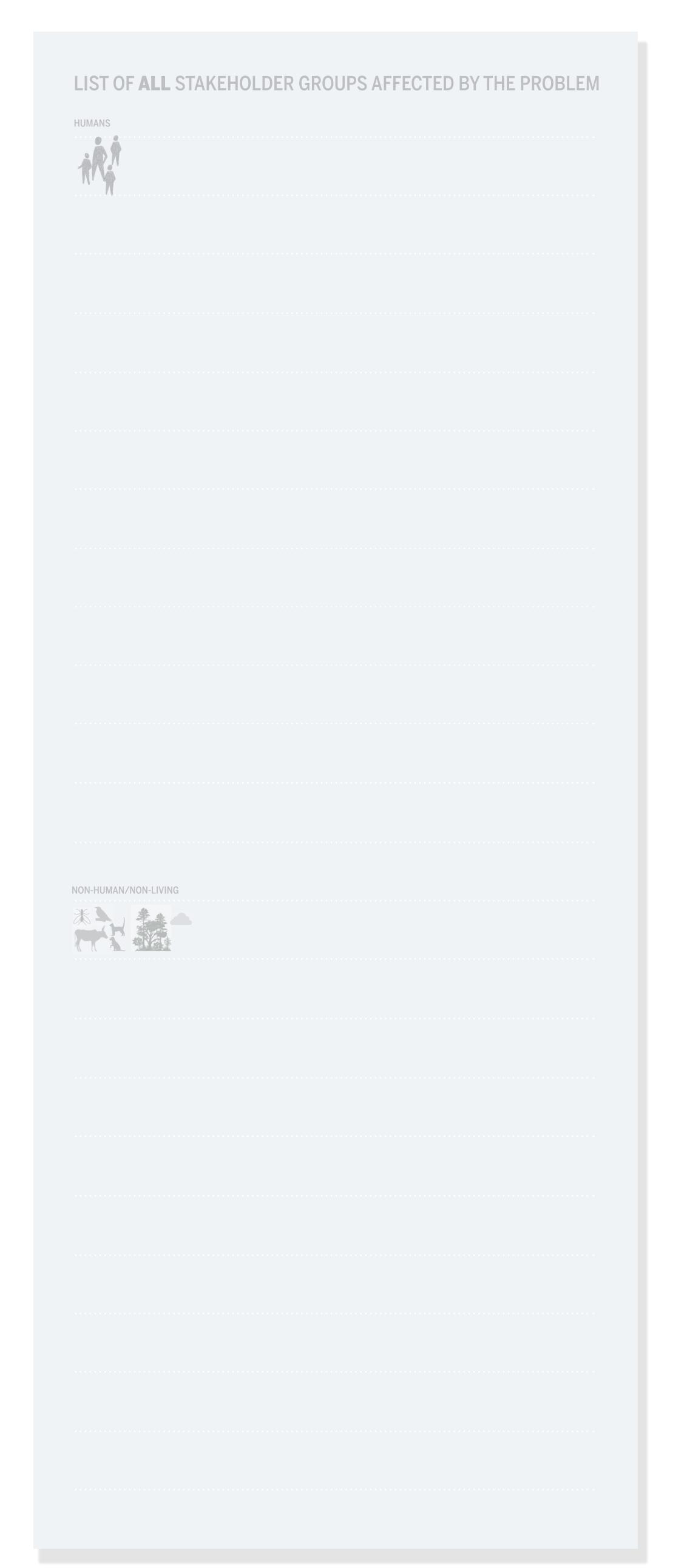
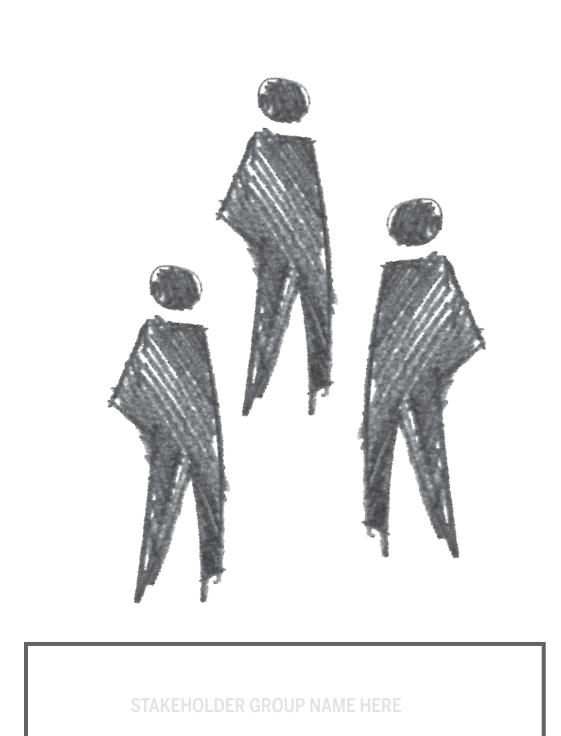
Mapping Stakeholder Relations

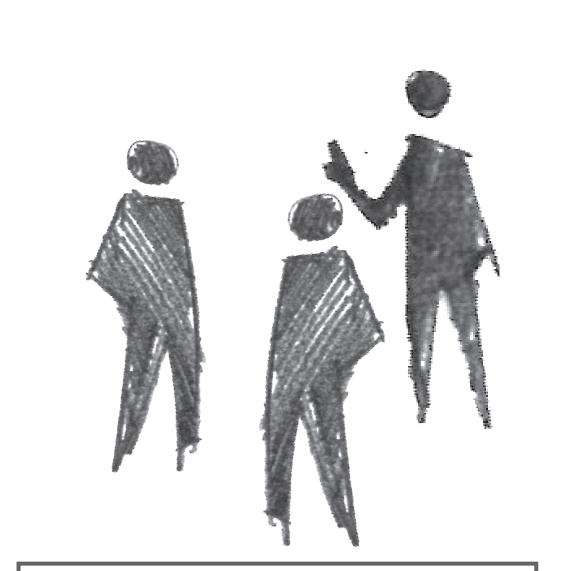
In this exercise, first list of ALL of the stakeholder groups that are affected by the problem below. Remember that some stakholder groups will be non-human (other species) or even non-living (such as rivers, mountains, soil, etc.). Next, speculate about which three stakeholder groups are most likely to be in conflict with each other then write the name of those groups in the boxes in the triad below. Using a red marker, draw a line from one group to another for each area in which the two groups may disagree. Label the conflict/disagreement with a brief description along the line (print clearly). After you have mapped all of the lines of conflict, next speculate about areas in which they might agree or be in alignment/affinity. Using a green marker, draw and label those lines of relationship in the same way. Relationships of conflict or alignment can occur in a number of areas such as use of natural resources, economic issues, political/governance issues, technology and infrastructure but can also center around beliefs, values and cultural norms. Since all of these contribute to the problem in question, they can also become leverage points for positive, systems-level change if understood and addressed..



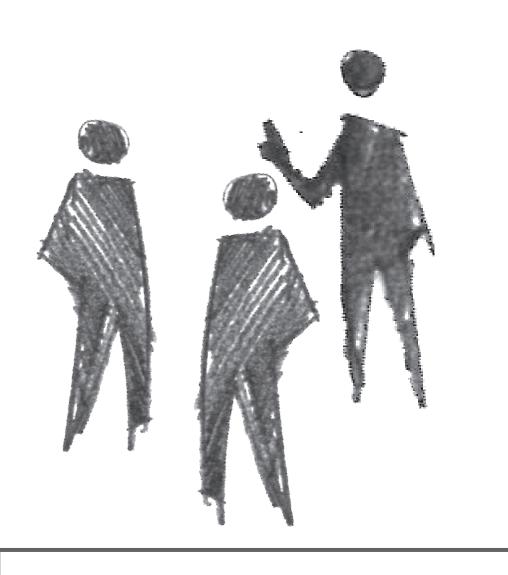


THE PROBLEM

TEAM MEMBERS



ROBELM DESCRIPTION HER



STAKEHOLDER GROUP NAME HE